

OTHER TYPES OF VEHICLE

Remember to select only one answer unless indicated otherwise.

1. You are on a wet motorway with surface spray. You should use
 - A Hazard flashers
 - B Dipped headlights
 - C Rear fog lights
 - D Sidelights

2. As a driver why should you be more careful where trams operate?
 - A Because they do not have a horn
 - B Because they do not stop for cars
 - C Because they do not have lights
 - D Because they cannot steer to avoid you

3. You are driving in town. Ahead of you a bus is at a bus stop. Which **TWO** of the following should you do?
 - A Be prepared to give way if the bus suddenly moves off
 - B Continue at the same speed but sound your horn as a warning
 - C Watch carefully for the sudden appearance of pedestrians
 - D Pass the bus as quickly as possible

4. You are driving in heavy traffic on a wet road. Spray makes it difficult to be seen. You should use your (Mark **TWO** answers)
 - A Full beam headlights
 - B Rear fog lights if visibility is less than 100 metres (328 feet)
 - C Rear fog lights if visibility is more than 100 metres (328 feet)
 - D Dipped headlights
 - E Side lights only

5. You are driving downhill. There is a car parked on the other side of the road. Large, slow lorries are coming towards you. You should
 - A Keep going because you have the right of way
 - B Slow down and give way
 - C Speed up and get past quickly
 - D Pull over on the right behind the parked car

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6. You are towing a caravan. Which is the safest type of rear view mirror to use?
- A Interior wide angle view mirror
 - B Extended arm side mirrors
 - C Ordinary door mirrors
 - D Ordinary interior mirror
7. It is very windy. You are about to overtake a motor cyclist. You should
- A Overtake slowly
 - B Allow extra room
 - C Sound your horn
 - D Keep close as you pass
8. Some two way roads are divided into three lanes. Why are these particularly dangerous?
- A Traffic in both directions can use the middle lane to overtake
 - B Traffic can travel faster in poor weather conditions
 - C Traffic can overtake on the left
 - D Traffic uses the middle lane for emergencies only
9. Which of these vehicles is LEAST likely to be affected by crosswinds?
- A Cyclists
 - B Motorcyclists
 - C High sided vehicles
 - D Cars
10. When you approach a bus signalling to move off from a bus stop you should
- A Get past before it moves
 - B Allow it to pull away, if it is safe to do so
 - C Flash your headlights as you approach
 - D Signal left and wave the bus on

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11. You are travelling behind a bus that pulls up at a bus stop. What should you do?
 - A Accelerate past the bus sounding your horn
 - B Watch carefully for pedestrians
 - C Be ready to give way to the bus
 - D Pull in closely behind the bus

12. Why is passing a lorry more risky than passing a car?
 - A Lorries are longer than cars
 - B Lorries may suddenly pull up
 - C The brakes of lorries are not as good
 - D Lorries climb hills more slowly

13. Before overtaking a large vehicle you should keep well back. Why is this?
 - A To give acceleration space to overtake quickly on blind bends
 - B To get the best view of the road ahead
 - C To leave a gap in case the vehicle stops and rolls back
 - D To offer other drivers a safe gap if they want to overtake you

14. You are following a long vehicle. It approaches a crossroads and signals left, but moves out to the right. You should
 - A Get closer in order to pass it quickly
 - B Stay well back and give it room
 - C Assume the signal is wrong and it is really turning right
 - D Overtake as starts to slow down

15. You are approaching a mini-roundabout. The long vehicle in front is signalling left but positioned over to the right. You should
 - A Sound your horn
 - B Overtake on the left
 - C Follow the same course as the lorry
 - D Keep well back

16. The road is wet. Why might a motorcyclist steer round drain covers on a bend?
 - A To avoid puncturing the tyres on the edge of the drain covers
 - B To prevent the motorcycle sliding on the metal drain cover
 - C To help judge the bend using the drain covers as marker points
 - D To avoid splashing pedestrians on the pavement