

DRIVER BEHAVIOUR

Remember to select only one answer unless indicated otherwise.

1. A drivers' behaviour has upset you. It may help if you
 - A Stop and take a break
 - B Shout abusive language
 - C Gesture to them with your hand
 - D Follow their car, flashing your headlights

2. You are not sure if your cough medicine will affect you. What **TWO** things could you do?
 - A Ask your Doctor
 - B Check the medicine label
 - C Drive if you feel alright
 - D Ask a friend or relative for advice.

3. How does alcohol affect you?
 - A It speeds up your reactions.
 - B It increases your awareness.
 - C It improves your co-ordination.
 - D It reduces your concentration.

4. You have been involved in an argument before starting your journey. This has made you feel angry. You should
 - A Start to drive but open a window.
 - B Drive slower than normal and turn your radio on.
 - C Have an alcoholic drink.
 - D Calm down before you start to drive.

5. Which of the following types of glasses should NOT be worn when driving at night?
 - A Half Moon
 - B Round
 - C Bi-focal
 - D Tinted

6. You have a collision while your car is moving. What is the first thing you must do?
 - A Stop only if there are injured people
 - B Call the emergency services.
 - C Stop at the scene of the accident
 - D Call your insurance company

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7. What else can seriously affect your concentration, other than alcoholic drinks? **(SELECT THREE ANSWERS)**
- A Drugs.
 - B Tiredness.
 - C Tinted windows.
 - D Contact lenses.
 - E Loud music.
8. You are in a one way street and want to turn right. You should position yourself
- A In the right hand lane.
 - B In the left hand lane.
 - C In either lane, depending on the traffic.
 - D Just left of the centre line.
9. You are about to drive home. You cannot find the glasses you need to wear. You should
- A Drive home slowly, keeping to quiet roads.
 - B Borrow a friends' glasses and use those.
 - C Drive home at night, so that the lights will help you.
 - D Find a way of getting home without driving.
10. You are in a moving line of traffic. The driver behind you is following very closely. What action should you take?
- A Ignore the following driver and continue to travel at the speed limit.
 - B Slow down, gradually increasing the gap between you and the vehicle in front.
 - C Signal left and wave the following driver past.
 - D Move over to a position just left of the centre line of the road.
11. You have been convicted of driving whilst unfit through drink or drugs. You will find this is likely to cause the cost of one of the following to rise considerably. Which one?
- A Road fund licence
 - B Insurance premiums.
 - C Vehicle test certificate
 - D Driving licence

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12. You are about to return from holiday when you become ill. A Doctor prescribes drugs which are likely to affect your driving. You should
- A Drive only if someone is with you.
 - B Avoid driving on motorways.
 - C Not drive yourself.
 - D Never drive at more than 30 mph.
13. Which **TWO** things would help to keep you alert during a long journey?
(MARK TWO ANSWERS)
- A Finishing your journey as fast as you can
 - B Keeping off the motorways and using country roads.
 - C Make sure that you get plenty of fresh air.
 - D Make regular stops for refreshments.
14. A vehicle pulls out in front of you at a junction. What should you do?
- A Ignore the error and stay calm.
 - B Flash your headlights and drive up close behind.
 - C Sound your horn to show your annoyance.
 - D Overtake as soon as possible.
15. After passing the driving test, you suffer from ill health. This affects your driving. You **MUST**
- A Inform your local police station.
 - B Get on as best you can.
 - C Not inform anyone as you hold a full licence.
 - D Inform the licensing authority.
16. Which **THREE** of these emergency services might have blue flashing beacons?
- A Coastguard
 - B Bomb disposal
 - C Gritting lorries
 - D Animal ambulances
 - E Mountain rescue
 - F Doctors cars
17. A flashing green beacon on a vehicle means
- A Police on non-urgent duties.
 - B Doctor on an emergency call.
 - C Road safety patrol operating.
 - D Gritting in progress.

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18. At puffin crossings, which light will not show to a driver?
- A Flashing amber
 - B Red
 - C Steady amber
 - D Green
19. Diamond shaped signs give instructions to
- A Tram drivers
 - B Bus drivers
 - C Lorry drivers
 - D Taxi drivers
20. You stop for pedestrians waiting to cross at a zebra crossing. They do not start to cross. What should you do?
- A Be patient and wait
 - B Sound your horn
 - C Carry on
 - D Wave them to cross
21. What style of driving causes increased risk to everyone?
- A Considerate
 - B Defensive
 - C Competitive
 - D Responsible
22. The dual carriageway you are turning right onto has a very narrow central reserve. What should you do?
- A Proceed to the central reserve and wait.
 - B Wait until the road is clear in both directions.
 - C Stop in the first lane so that other vehicles give way.
 - D Emerge slightly to show your intentions.
23. When you see a hazard ahead you should use the mirrors. Why is this?
- A Because you will need to accelerate out of danger.
 - B To assess how your actions will affect the following traffic.
 - C Because you will need to brake sharply to a stop.
 - D To check what is happening on the road ahead.